# **NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S} \\ \text{REPORT} \end{array}$ 

YEAR ENDED

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2020** 



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# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court of **Nolan County, Texas:** 

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nolan County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nolan County, Texas, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension information on pages 3–8 and 36-41 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Nolan County, Texas' basic financial statements. The other supplementary schedules on pages 42-51 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplementary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Roberts & McGee, CPA

Abilene, Texas December 04, 2020

As management of Nolan County, we offer readers of Nolan County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Nolan County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

# **Financial Highlights**

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

- The assets of Nolan County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$24,243,159 (net position). Of this amount, \$14,491,063 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. \$1,678,622 of the County's equity is restricted for debt service, capital improvement, and special revenue funds, and \$8,073,474 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- The County's total debt outstanding at September 30, 2020 is \$11,770,536.
- The total net position (equity) of the County increased by \$469,441 during the 2020 fiscal year.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Nolan County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,486,876. Approximately 74% of the total fund balance amount, \$12,178,638 is unassigned and available for spending at the government's discretion.
- The fund balance in the general fund reflects a decrease of \$145,917 from the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, restricted and assigned fund balance for debt service, capital improvement and special revenue funds was \$4,308,238, which is an increase of \$193,925 from the prior year.

# **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Nolan County's basic financial statements. Nolan County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position presents information on all of Nolan County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Nolan County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

The government-wide financial statements reflect functions of Nolan County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of Nolan County include general government, judicial, legal, financial administration, public facilities, public safety, farm to market, health and welfare, and extension service. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide more detailed information about Nolan County's more significant funds. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Nolan County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Nolan County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus on governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditure, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Nolan County has four governmental fund types which are the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, and a capital projects fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the farm to market fund, the capital projects fund, and the debt service funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other non-major governmental funds are combined into the aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11-16 of this report.

Nolan County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, farm to market fund, and various other special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and the farm to market fund on pages 36-37.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other governmental units. The County's fiduciary funds are all reported as Agency Funds. Agency funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's basic programs. The basic agency fund financial statement can be found on page 17, and the schedule of changes in the agency assets and liabilities can be found on pages 50-51 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 18-35 of this report.

**Other information.** The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining statements can be found on pages 42-49 of this report.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Nolan County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$24,243,159 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Nolan County's net position reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is outstanding of \$8,073,474. Nolan County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Nolan County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

# **Nolan County's Net Position**

	Governmen	ntal	Activities
	2020		2019
Current assets	\$ 16,246,008	\$	16,498,656
Restricted assets	1,712,922		1,723,936
Capital assets	19,735,542		20,176,985
Deferred outflows of resources	1,614,064		2,226,596
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	39,308,536		40,626,173
Current liabilities	185,802		138,740
Long-term liabilities	13,139,355		15,925,519
Deferred inflows of resources	 1,740,220		788,196
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of			_
resources	 15,065,377	_	16,852,455
Net investment in capital assets	8,073,474		7,271,168
Restricted	1,678,622		1,855,928
Unrestricted	 14,491,063		14,646,622
Total net position	\$ 24,243,159	\$	23,773,718

The government's net position increased by \$469,441 during the current fiscal year.

# **Nolan County's Changes in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities			
Revenues:		2020	2019	
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$	1,900,116 \$	2,279,999	
Operating Grants and Contributions		486,073	411,399	
Capital Grants and Contributions		-	-	
General Revenues				
Property and Other Taxes		11,584,609	12,053,500	
Investment Income		136,887	418,344	
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		-	77,632	
Miscellaneous Income		363,734	16,725	
Total Revenues	_	14,471,419	15,257,599	
Expenses				
General Government		2,264,463	1,738,190	
Judicial		1,398,519	1,445,139	
Legal		518,735	526,820	
Financial Administration		590,856	605,494	
Public Facilities		962,603	1,114,085	
Public Safety		4,269,084	3,643,306	
Farm to Market		2,294,555	1,998,256	
Health and Welfare		850,203	776,194	
Extension Service		165,708	142,420	
Interest on Long-term Debt		330,825	657,804	
Intergovernmental		356,427	300,016	
Total expenditures	_	14,001,978	12,947,724	
Increase in Net Position		469,441	2,309,875	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		23,773,718	21,345,704	
Adjustment to beginning net position	_	<u> </u>	118,139	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ _	24,243,159 \$	23,773,718	

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTS FUNDS

As noted earlier, Nolan County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of Nolan County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Nolan County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Nolan County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,486,876. Approximately 74 percent of this total amount, \$12,178,638 constitutes unassigned fund balance in the general fund, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. Restricted and assigned fund balances are for capital improvements, special revenue, and debt service purposes to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed.

# **Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The original budget for the General Fund reflects a deficit of \$362,851 which would draw upon the fund balance. Budget amendments to expenditures were made during the year within the general fund departments. The actual expenditures were \$283,667 less than the final budgeted amounts, and actual revenues were \$154,858 more than was budgeted. This resulted in a favorable budget variance of \$465,035 before other financing sources and uses.

### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** Nolan County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2020, amounts to \$19,735,542 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure.

# Nolan County's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			
		2020	2019	
Land	\$	113,975 \$	113,975	
Buildings and improvements		18,805,146	19,393,163	
Furniture and equipment		816,421	669,847	
Total	\$	19,735,542 \$	20,176,985	

Current year additions to capital outlays amounted to \$689,078, and \$18,255 of capital assets were disposed of. Depreciation expense was \$1,116,918 for the year ended September 30, 2020.

### **Debt Administration**

**Long Term Obligations.** At the end of the 2020 fiscal year, Nolan County had approximately \$15.9 million in outstanding long-term obligations. There was no new debt acquired during the 2020 fiscal year, and \$1,191,439 was retired on existing debt. In addition, the net pension liability decreased by \$1,619,216.

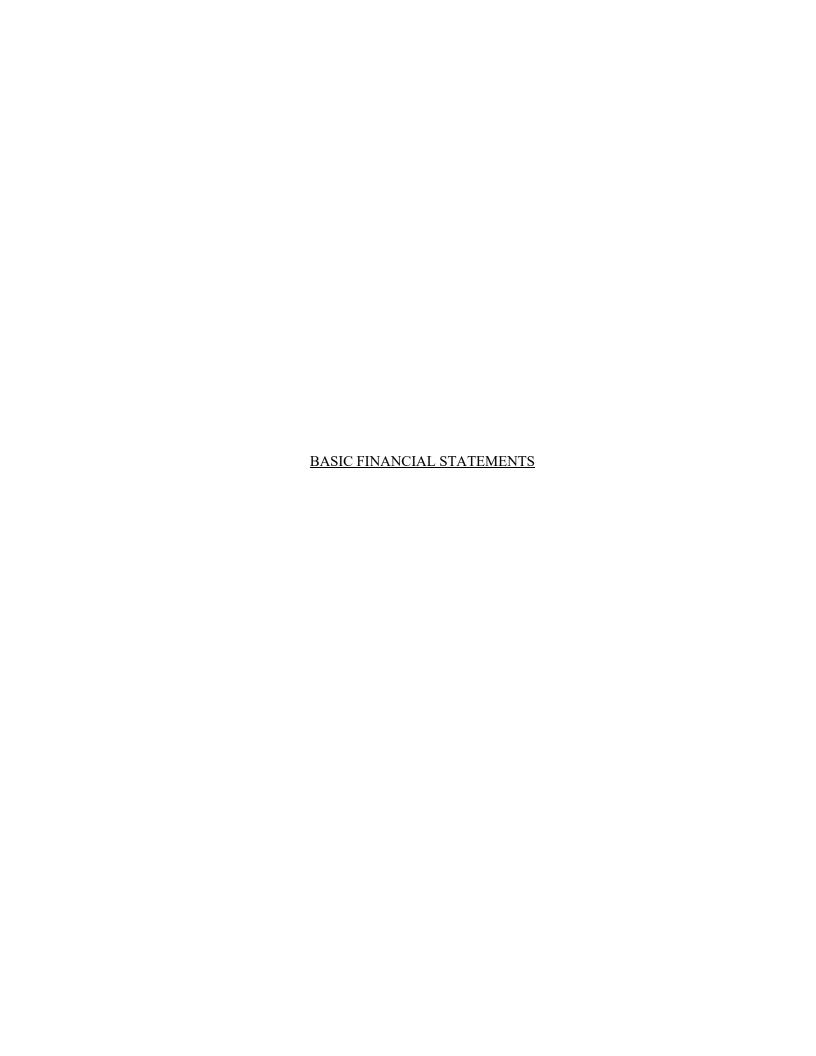
	 Governmental Activities		
	2020	2019	
Bonds payable	\$ 11,281,000 \$	12,449,000	
Bond premium	381,068	435,506	
Compensated absences	108,468	100,731	
Net pension liability	 1,368,819	2,940,282	
Total	\$ 13,139,355 \$	15,925,519	

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The M&O tax rate for the 2021 fiscal year increased from the prior year rate of .381753 per \$100 valuation to .391568 per \$100 valuation.
- The I&S tax rate for the 2021 fiscal year decreased from rate of .061590 per \$100 valuation to .059150 per \$100 valuation.
- The County's 2021 fiscal year general fund revenue budget increased \$416,038 or 4.2% from the prior budget.
- The County's 2021 fiscal year general fund expenditures budget increased \$452,356 or 4.4% from the prior year budget.

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Nolan County's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Nolan County Auditor, 100 E. 3<sup>rd</sup> Street, Suite 102, Sweetwater, Texas 79556.



# NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

ASSETS:	Governmental Activities
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,883,432
Investments  Proceive his control of allowers of an amoulle stille)	5,988
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible) Prepaid bond insurance	1,356,588
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,711,733
Investments Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation	1,189
Nondepreciable	113,975
Depreciable, net	 19,621,567
TOTAL ASSETS	 37,694,472
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Deferred outflows - pensions	 1,614,064
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 39,308,536
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable	164,816
Accrued interest payable	20,986
Noncurrent liabilities:  Due within one year	1,194,000
Due in more than one year	10,576,536
Net pension liability	 1,368,819
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 13,325,157
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Pension related	 1,740,220
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 1,740,220
NET POSITION:	
Net investment in capital assets	8,073,474
Restricted for debt service	1,257,213
Restricted for other purposes	421,409
Unrestricted	 14,491,063
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 24,243,159

# NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

					Primary
		F	Program Revenu	ies	Government
			Operating	Capital	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Function/Program	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Primary Government:					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 2,264,463 \$	710,768	\$ 153,569	•	\$ (1,400,126)
Judicial	1,398,519	481,279	32,245	Ψ	(884,995)
Legal	518,735	59,365	152,156		(307,214)
Financial administration	590,856	51,108	132,130		, , ,
Public facilities	-	31,108			(539,748)
	962,603	100 ((2	1.540		(962,603)
Public safety	4,269,084	108,663	1,540		(4,158,881)
Farm to market	2,294,555	488,933	85,038		(1,720,584)
Health and welfare	850,203		61,525		(788,678)
Extension service	165,708				(165,708)
Intergovernmental	356,427				(356,427)
Debt interest	330,825		<del>-</del>		(330,825)
Total Governmental Activit	ies 14,001,978	1,900,116	486,073		(11,615,789)
Total Primary Government	\$ 14,001,978 \$	1,900,116	\$ 486,073	\$	(11,615,789)
	General revenue				
	Property taxes				8,033,913
	Property taxes				1,849,507
	Property taxes		ot service		1,292,367
	Hotel/Motel tax	X			408,822
	Other taxes				363,734
	Investment ear	rnings			136,887
	Total general rev	venues			12,085,230
	Change in net j	position			469,441
	Net position - be	ginning of yea	r		23,773,718
	Net position - en	nd of year			\$ 24,243,159
	1	J			, -,

# NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	General Fund	Farm to Market Fund	Debt Service Fund
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Taxes receivable (net of allowance) Other receivables (net of allowance) Restricted assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,269,993 3,563 207,016 944,160	\$ 2,567,669 2,425 48,012 27,523	\$ - 33,269 2,187
Investments			324,191
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 13,424,732	\$ 2,645,629	\$ 359,647
LIABILITIES	f 144.464	Ф 12.922	¢
Accounts payable	\$ 144,464	,	_\$
TOTAL LIABILITIES	144,464	12,823	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - fines and fees Unavailable revenue - grants	207,016 893,665	48,012	33,269
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	1,100,681	48,012	33,269
FUND BLANCE Restricted fund balance Enabling legislation Retirement of long term debt Construction Assigned fund balances Farm to market Other purposes Unassigned fund balance	12,179,587	2,584,794	326,378
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	12,179,587	2,584,794	326,378
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 13,424,732	\$ 2,645,629	\$ 359,647

Capital Projects Fund		Coliseum Debt Service Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
\$ -	\$	-	\$	45,770	\$	14,883,432 5,988
		94,076		345		382,373 974,215
18,353		835,570 1,189		533,619		1,711,733 1,189
\$ 18,353		930,835		579,734	\$	17,958,930
\$ _	\$	_	\$	7,529	\$	164,816
				7,529		164,816
						288,297
				125,276		893,665 125,276
 				125,276		1,307,238
18,353		930,835		403,056		403,056 1,257,213 18,353
				44,822 (949)		2,584,794 44,822 12,178,638
 18,353		930,835		446,929		16,486,876
\$ 18,353	\$	930,835	\$	579,734	\$	17,958,930

# NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 16,486,876
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The net effect is to increase net position.	19,735,542
Certain assets, such as property taxes receivables, grants and fees, are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and are therefore deferred inflows in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources recognized in the government-wide financial statements result in a net increase in net position.	1,307,238
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. The net effect is a decrease in net position related to bonds payable (\$11,281,000), bond premium (\$381,068), compensated absences (\$108,468), and accrued interest payable (\$20,986).	(11,791,522)
Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the County's net pension liability (\$1,368,819), and deferred inflows of resources (\$1,400,728) less deferred outflow of resources \$1,274,572. The net effect is to decrease net position.	 (1,494,975)

\$ 24,243,159

Net Position of Governmental Activities

# NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

DEVENIUE C	General Fund	Farm to Market Fund	Debt Service Fund
REVENUES: Property taxes	\$ 8,013,631	\$ 1,849,507	\$ 1,292,367
Hotel/Motel taxes		-,,,,-	-,,
Other taxes	363,734	270.000	
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	55,400 237,859	350,900 193,030	
Fines and fees	732,213	124,363	
Forfeitures	752,215	12 1,505	
Investment earnings	103,113	21,416	3,173
Rents and royalties	52,350		
Other revenue	465,590	13,670	
Total Revenues	10,023,890	2,552,886	1,295,540
EXPENDITURES:			
Current: General government	1,951,241		
Judicial	1,377,622		
Legal	425,699		
Financial administration	591,380		
Public facilities	762,017		
Public safety	3,633,863	2 001 2 00	
Farm to market	0.41.007	2,091,269	
Health and welfare Extension service	841,886		
Intergovernmental	165,759 201,827		
Debt service	201,027		
Debt principal			990,000
Interest expense			257,650
Capital outlay	208,513	480,565	
Total Expenditures	10,159,807	2,571,834	1,247,650
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(135,917)	(18,948)	47,890
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in (out) Proceeds from sale of property	(10,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(10,000)		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(145,917)	(18,948)	47,890
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	12,325,504	2,603,742	278,488
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 12,179,587	\$ 2,584,794	\$ 326,378

Capital Projects Fund	Coliseum Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	408,822		\$ 11,155,505 408,822 363,734 406,300
		37,900	468,789
		106,520	963,096
131	5,768	3,286	136,887
		6,934	52,350 486,194
			400,194
131	414,590	154,640	14,441,677
		256,806	2,208,047
		21,893	1,399,515
		93,439	519,138
		404==	591,380
		10,177	772,194
		16,451	3,650,314
		8,317	2,091,269 850,203
		0,517	165,759
	155,000		356,827
	178,000		1,168,000
	73,500		331,150
			689,078
	406,500	407,083	14,792,874
131	8,090	(252,443)	(351,197)
131	0,000	(232,113)	(331,177)
		10,000	
		10,406	10,406
		20,406	10,406
131	8,090	(232,037)	(340,791)
18,222	922,745	678,966	16,827,667
\$ 18,353	\$ 930,835	\$ 446,929	\$ 16,486,876

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# **NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS**

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(340,791)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including capital outlays net of disposals is to		689,078
Depreciation expense is not reflected in the governmental funds, but is recorded in the government-wide financial statements as an expense and an increase to accumulated depreciation. The net effect of current year depreciation expense is to decrease net position.		(1,116,918)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets is recorded as other financing sources in the fund financial statements but only the gain or loss from those proceeds is recorded in the government wide financial statement. The net effect of the net book value of these assets is a decrease in net position.		(13,603)
Long term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as decreases in long term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of recording the current year principal payments is to increase net position.		1,168,000
Certain expenditures for pension that are recorded to the fund financial statements must be recorded as deferred outflows of resources. Contributions made after the measurement date caused the change in net position to increase. The County's unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for TCDRS as of the measurement date must be amortized and the District's pension expense must be recognized. These cause the change in net position to increase. The net effect is an decrease		
in net position.		6,907
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting:		
Increase in unavailable revenue - property taxes		20,282
Decrease in unavailable fines and fees		(7,824)
Decrease in unavailable grant revenue		17,284
Decrease in accrued interest payable		325
Decrease in bond premium		54,438
Increase in compensated absences	_	(7,737)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ _	469,441

# NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET – FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Agency
ASSETS	Funds
Cash and cash equivalents held by:	 
Unclaimed money	\$ 97
Trust & agency	94,541
Restitution fund	525,740
Extradition fund	24,332
District attorney funds	203,204
Sheriff funds	75,864
Tax accessor collector funds	41
County court funds	132,595
District clerk funds	 273,906
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,330,320
LIABILITIES	
Due to others	\$ 1,330,320
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 1,330,320

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Nolan County, Texas (the County) included in the accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the County's basic financial statements.

The County's financial statements include the cash accounts of all funds handled by the Office of the County Treasurer. The County's major activities or functions include public safety (sheriff and ambulance), parks and libraries, public health and social services, construction and maintenance of roads, and general administrative service. The County operates under a county judge/commissioners' court type of government as provided for by state statute. The Commissioners' Court has governance responsibilities over all activities related to the County. The County receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. Because members of the Commissioners' Court are elected by the public; have the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and mangers, and significantly influence operations; and have the primary accountability for fiscal matters, the County is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

# B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

### **Basis of Presentation**

Government-wide financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Elimination have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

The County does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

**Fund financial statements.** Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The county reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – To account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with the legally adopted budget of the County.

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

<u>Farm to Market Fund</u> – To account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for expenditures for public transportation for County citizens.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The proceeds from long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions are accounted for in a capital projects fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Coliseum Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Additionally, the government reports the following nonmajor governmental fund types:

#### Governmental Funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital project) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

# Fiduciary Funds:

<u>Trust and Agency Funds</u> – To account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and /or other funds. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurements of results of operations.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support County programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

### **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

Government wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: The County prepares its governmental fund financial statements on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

# C: Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

# Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available 1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and 2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the fiscal year.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the County is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas legislature.

# Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assts lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, vehicles, furniture and equipment of the County are deprecated using the straight line method over the following estimates useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	20-30 years
Furniture and Equipment	5-12 years
Vehicles and Heavy Equipment	5-12 years

# Receivables and Payables

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provided have been meet.

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues are received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as deferred revenue.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collections within one year.

# Compensated Absences

A liability for accumulated unpaid annual leave for all full-time employees is calculated and reported in the government-wide statements.

Upon termination from employment by the County, accrued vacation leave may be paid but not to exceed the maximum vacation leave accrual which is fifteen days for employees with more than ten years of service. Unused sick leave is cancelable and will not be paid on termination, therefore, vacation time is the only accrued liability recorded.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

# Government-Wide Financial Statements

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has deferred outflows of resources for the differences between projected and actual earnings for its pension plan and contributions made to the pension plan after the measurement date, but before the end of the fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has deferred inflows of resources for unearned grant revenues and for the differences in actual and project earnings and changes in assumptions related to the valuation of the net pension liability.

### Fund Balance

GASB has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. The fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

*Nonspendable*, such as fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenditures, long term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned). The County had no nonspendable funds at September 30, 2020.

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

*Restricted* fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent for only the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resources providers, or through enabling legislation. The County reported the following restricted fund balances at September 30, 2020:

Debt Service	1,257,213
Construction	18,353
Records Management	152,810
Courthouse Security	75,804
Courthouse Technology	96,260
Forfeiture Funds	78,153
Election Security Grant	29
	1,678,622

Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Commissioner's Court (the county's highest level of decision making authority). The County had no committed funds at year end.

Assigned – This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County Commissioners' intent to be used for a specific purpose but does not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. This intent can be expressed by the Commissioners or through the Commissioners delegating this responsibility to management through the budgetary process. The county reported the following assigned fund balances at September 30, 2020:

Jury Fund	\$	30,822
Law Library Fund		908
Hot Check Fund		13,013
D.A.R.E. Fund		79
Farm to Market	_	2,584,794
	\$	2,629,616

*Unassigned* fund balance is the residual classification for the County's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The County would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

# Fund Balance Spending Policy

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classification, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: 1) Restricted; 2) Committed; 3) Assigned; and 4) Unassigned.

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

# Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The County will maintain General fund unassigned fund balance at a level adequate to provide for unanticipated expenditures of a non-recurring nature and to meet unexpected increases in service delivery costs. The target level for the General Fund unassigned fund balance will be three to six months of budgeted General Fund expenditures.

# **Interfund Activity**

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet. Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when on fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, transactions are treated as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers.

All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. Transfers in and transfers out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Intergovernmental" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

# Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the governmental activities. The long-term debt of the County includes bonds payable and bond premiums.

### **Pensions**

The fiduciary net position of the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

# **Budgetary Information**

The County adopts an annual budget for the general fund and the farm to market fund consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgetary control is maintained at the department level. Appropriations lapse at year end for general and special revenue funds.

### Fair Value Measurements

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurements and Application, defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an assets or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. Fair value accounting requires characterization of the inputs used to measure fair value into three-level fair hierarchy as follows:

Level 1 inputs are based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market the entity has the ability to access. All investments held by the County at year end are Level 1.

Level 2 inputs are observable inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent from the entity.

Level 3 inputs are observable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available.

There are three general valuation techniques that may be used to measure fair value:

Market approach – uses prices generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities.

Cost approach – uses the amount that currently would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (replacement cost).

Income approach – uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts to present amounts based on current market expectations.

### NOTE 2: DEPOSTIS AND INVESTMENTS

The funds of the County must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust within the County's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

The County's deposits as of September 30, 2020 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's bank in the County's name.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the area of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy.

NOTE 2: DEPOSTIS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

The policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the county in invest in (2) obligations of the US Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase, (6) bankers acceptance, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act with local policies.

TexPool is organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts is the sole officer, director and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, which is authorized to operate TexPool. In addition, the TexPool Advisory Board advises on TexPool's Investment Policy. This Board is composed equally of participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool who are qualified to advise TexPool.

Investments held by the County at September 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

		Credit		<b>Maturities Less</b>
Type of Investment	Fair Value	Rating	_	Than One Year
TexPool-Investments	\$ 5,988	AAAm	\$	5,988
TexPool-Restricted Investments	 1,189	AAAm		1,189
Total Investments	\$ 7,177		\$	7,177

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the county adopted a deposit and investment policy; however, that policy does not address the following risks:

Custodial credit risk: Deposits. This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the county's deposits may not be returned to it. The County was not exposed to custodial credit risk since its deposits at year-end and during the year ended September 30, 2020 were covered by depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possessions of an outside party. Investments are subject to custodial credit risk only if they are evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Thus, positions in external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The County's securities are all in securities backed by the United States of America and are not exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### NOTE 2: DEPOSTIS AND INVESTMENTS – continued

Other credit risk – There is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To minimize credit risk, TexPools' investment policy allows the portfolio's investment managers to only invest in obligations of the U.S. Governments, its agencies' repurchase agreements; and no-load AAAm money market mutual funds registered with the SEC. as of September 30, 2020 TexPool's investments credit quality rating was AAAm (Standard & Poor's).

TexPool manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to 90 days. TexPool also seeks to maintain a constant dollar objective.

The County's general policy is to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with the market interest rate changes. Negotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest earning investment contracts.

### NOTE 3: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year end, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

		F	arm to		Debt	Co	oliseum	No	onmajor	
	General	N	Market	S	ervice	Deb	t Service	Gov	ernmental	
	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	I	Funds	 Total
Receivables										
Taxes	\$ 356,935	\$	74,407	\$	48,702	\$	94,076			\$ 574,120
Other	3,648,628		27,523		2,187				345	 3,678,683
Total Gross Receivables	4,005,563		101,930		50,889		94,076		345	 4,252,803
Less: Allowance for										
Uncollectible										
Taxes	(149,919)		(26,395)		(15,433)					(191,747)
Other	 (2,704,468)									(2,704,468)
Net Receivables	\$ 1,151,176	\$	75,535	\$	35,456	\$	94,076	\$	345	\$ 1,356,588

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance October1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance September 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 113,975	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 113,975
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	113,975			113,975
Capital assets being depreciated	24 792 750	142 467		24 026 226
Buildings and improvements	24,783,759	142,467	(10.255)	24,926,226
Furniture and equipment	7,418,478	546,611	(18,255)	7,946,834
Total capital assets being depreciated	32,202,237	689,078	(18,255)	32,873,060
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(5,390,596)	(730,484)		(6,121,080)
Furniture and equipment	(6,748,631)	(386,434)	4,652	(7,130,413)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,139,227)	(1,116,918)	4,652	(13,251,493)
Governmental activities capital assets	\$ 20,176,985	\$ (427,840)	\$ (13,603)	\$ 19,735,542

Depreciation was allocated to the various functions based on the capital assets within each group as follows:

# Governmental Activities:

General government	\$ 103,710
Public facilities	190,821
Public safety	618,111
Farm to Market	 204,276
	\$ 1,116,918

# NOTE 5: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

*Bonds Payable*. In April 2006, the County issued Certificates of Obligation in the amount of \$800,000 for paying all or a portion of the county's contractual obligations in connection with making renovations and additions to the Nolan County Coliseum, and to pay legal, fiscal and engineering fees in connection with that project.

During the year ended September 30, 2013, the County issued General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$15,210,000. The bonds are direct obligations of the County, payable from a continuing annual ad valorem tax levied on all taxable property within the County, within the limits prescribed by law.

# NOTE 5: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS – continued

The proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used for construction and equipping a new county jail and sheriff's department, including land located west of the City of Sweetwater, renovation and remediating the courthouse façade, and payment of professional services and cost of issuance related thereto.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the County issued refunding bonds of \$3,058,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 for the purpose of refunding \$3,000,000 of Tax Notes, Series 2016, in order to lower the overall debt service requirements of the County and to pay costs associated with the issuance of the bonds.

In regard to this issue, the District recognized cash flow savings of \$245,680 and an economic gain of \$14,871 with an effective interest rate of 2.29%.

The following are Certificates of Obligation bond issues outstanding at September 30, 2020:

	Interest	Date of	Date of		Bonds
	Rate	Issue	Maturity	O	utstanding
GO Bond Series 2012	2-3%	2012	2028	\$	5,555,000
GO Bond Series 2013	2-3%	2013	2028		3,365,000
GO Refunding 2016	3%	2017	2031		2,361,000

Debt service requirements are as follows:

Total	Total		Total
Principal	Interest	Re	equirements
\$ 1,194,000	\$ 305,170	\$	1,499,170
1,220,000	279,160		1,499,160
1,260,000	247,110		1,507,110
1,301,000	208,695		1,509,695
1,332,000	169,200		1,501,200
4,726,000	288,090		5,014,090
248,000	3,720		251,720
\$11,281,000	\$ 1,501,145	\$	12,782,145
	Principal \$ 1,194,000 1,220,000 1,260,000 1,301,000 1,332,000 4,726,000 248,000	Principal         Interest           \$ 1,194,000         \$ 305,170           1,220,000         279,160           1,260,000         247,110           1,301,000         208,695           1,332,000         169,200           4,726,000         288,090           248,000         3,720	Principal         Interest         Reference           \$ 1,194,000         \$ 305,170         \$           1,220,000         279,160         \$           1,260,000         247,110         \$           1,301,000         208,695         \$           1,332,000         169,200         \$           4,726,000         288,090         \$           248,000         3,720

### NOTE 5: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS – continued

Changes in long-term obligations. Long-term debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance							Balance	Due Within	
	C	Oct. 1, 2019 Additions Retirements		Retirements	Se	pt. 30, 2020	One Year			
Governmental Activities:										
General obligations bonds	\$	12,449,000			\$	(1,168,000)	\$	11,281,000	\$	1,194,000
Bond premium		435,506				(54,438)		381,068		
Total bonds and notes payable	\$	12,884,506	\$	-	\$	(1,222,438)	\$	11,662,068	\$	1,194,000
Other Long-term Liabilities										
Net pension liability		2,940,282		2,356,100		(3,927,563)		1,368,819		
Compensated absences		100,731		7,737				108,468		
Total long-term obligations	\$	15,925,519	\$	2,363,837	\$	(5,150,001)	\$	13,139,355	\$	1,194,000

# NOTE 6: RETIREMENT PLAN

### Plan Description

The County provides retirement, disability and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (the TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multi-employer public employee retirement system consisting of nearly 800 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

# Benefits Provided

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing the TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at age 60 and above with eight or more years of service, with 30 years of service, regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of employment but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefits.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the County within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLA's. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLA's, can be granted by the County Commissioners within certain guidelines.

#### NOTE 6: RETIREMENT PLAN – continued

# <u>Membership</u>

County membership in the TCDRS plan at December 31, 2019 consisted of the following:

Inactive Employees Receiving Benefits	80
Inactive Employees Not Yet Receiving Benefits	57
Current Employee's Accounts	137
Active Employee Accounts	129

# Contributions

The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (Variable-Rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the County based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the county is actuarially determined annually. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the County within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

The rate the County contributed for the months of the accounting year in 2019 and 2020 were:

# Contribution Rates and Amounts

_	2019	2020
Member	7.00%	7.00%
Employer	10.33%	10.36%
Member Contributions	\$ 102,350	\$ 289,375
Employer Contributions	\$ 150,995	\$ 428,275

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability at December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated on a
	calendar year basis as of December 31, two years prior to the
Valuation Timing	end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level of percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	10.8 years
Asset Valuation Method	5 year smoothed market

Discount Rate 8.10%
Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases 4.9% average

Investment Rate of Return 8.00% Payroll Growth Rate 3.25%

### NOTE 6: RETIREMENT PLAN - continued

Except for the mortality assumptions, the actuarial assumptions were developed from an actuarial experience investigation of TCDRS over the years 2013-2016. Assumptions were recommended by Milliman, Inc., adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees in 2013 and the first December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. The mortality assumptions were developed by Milliman, Inc. and adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees in 2015, and first used in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

There were no changes in assumptions reflected in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. There was one method change reflected in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The asset valuation method was changed so that the remaining unrecognized asset gains or losses from the previous year were updated to the current year to account for the time value of money using the investment return assumption.

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 8.10%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used, we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. This alternative method reflects the funding requirements under our funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act:

- 1) TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20 year closed layered periods.
- 2) Under the TCRDS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy
- 3) The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4) Any increased cost due to the adoption of a cost-of-living adjustment is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future year, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 8.10%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 8.0%, net of all expenses, increased by .10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

### NOTE 6: RETIREMENT PLAN - continued

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS's investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2019 information for a 10 year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumptions for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2017. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

Geometric

			Real Rate of Return
		<b></b>	(Expected
Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation	minus inflation)
US Equities	Dow Jones US Total Stock Market	Milocation	mation
1	Index	14.50%	5.20%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private		
1 2	Equity & Venture Capital Index	20.00%	8.20%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	5.50%
International Equities –			
Developed	MSCI Work (net) Index Ex USA	7.00%	5.20%
International Equities –			
Emerging	MSCI EM Standard (net) index	7.00%	5.70%
Investment Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate		
	Bond Index	3.00%	-0.20%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped		
	Index	12.00%	3.14%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	11.00%	7.16%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed		
	Securities Index	4.00%	6.90%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REIT's		
	Index + 33% FRSE EPRA/NAREIT		
	Global Rate Estate Index	3.00%	4.50%
Master Limited Partnerships			
(MLP's)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	8.40%
Private Real Estate	Cambridge Associates Real Estate		
Partnerships	Index	6.00%	5.50%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI)	0.000/	2 2027
	Fund of Funds Composite Index	8.00%	2.30%

# NOTE 6: RETIREMENT PLAN – continued

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At September 30, 2020, the County reported a net pension liability of \$1,368,819 measured at December 31, 2019. For the year ended September 30, 2020 the County recognized pension expense of \$596,673.

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes in the net pension liability for the County year ended December 31, 2019 are as follows:

# Increases (Decreases)

			Net Pension	
	Total Pension	Fiduciary Net	Lial	bility/(Asset)
Changes in Net Pension Liability	Liability (a)	Position (b)		(a)-(b)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 21,088,755	\$ 18,148,473	\$	2,940,282
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost	610,614			610,614
Interest on total pension liability	1,705,461			1,705,461
Effect of plan changes				-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or loss	14,534			14,534
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs				-
Refunds of contributions	(157,192)	(157,192)		-
Benefit payments	(1,156,989)	(1,156,989)		-
Administrative expenses		(15,802)		15,802
Member contributions		382,455		(382,455)
Net investment income		2,980,714		(2,980,714)
Employer contributions		564,394		(564,394)
Other		(9,689)		9,689
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$ 22,105,183	\$ 20,736,364	\$	1,368,819

## NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

## NOTE 6: RETIREMENT PLAN – continued

## Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the County calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the County's combined net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.10%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease		1%	Increase in		
	in Discount	Discount Rate	Di	scount Rate		
	Rate (7.10%)	(8.10%)	8.10%) (9.10%)			
Total Pension Liability	\$ 24,668,767	\$ 22,105,183	\$	19,918,541		
Fiduciary Net Position	20,736,364	20,736,364		20,736,364		
Net Pension Liability/ (Asset)	\$ 3,932,403	\$ 1,368,819	\$	(817,823)		

At December 31, 2019, the County reported its share of the TCDRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	eferred tflows of	-	Deferred Inflows of		
	Re	courses	R	Recourses		
Differences between expected and actual						
economic experience	\$	11,627	\$	81,507		
Changes in actuarial assumptions		33,965				
Differences between projected and actual						
investment earnings	1	1,140,197		1,658,713		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement						
date		428,275				
Total	\$ 1	1,614,064	\$	1,740,220		

\$428,275 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended September 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

### Year Ended December 31:

2020	\$ (143,653)
2021	(163,633)
2022	55,208
Thereafter	(302,353)
	\$ (554,431)

## NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

### NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to group health coverage and torts (theft of, damage of assets; errors and omission; injuries to employee; and natural disasters).

Commercial insurance is purchased to cover liabilities associated with risks associated with torts whenever possible. There were no significant changes in coverage, retention, or limits during the year.

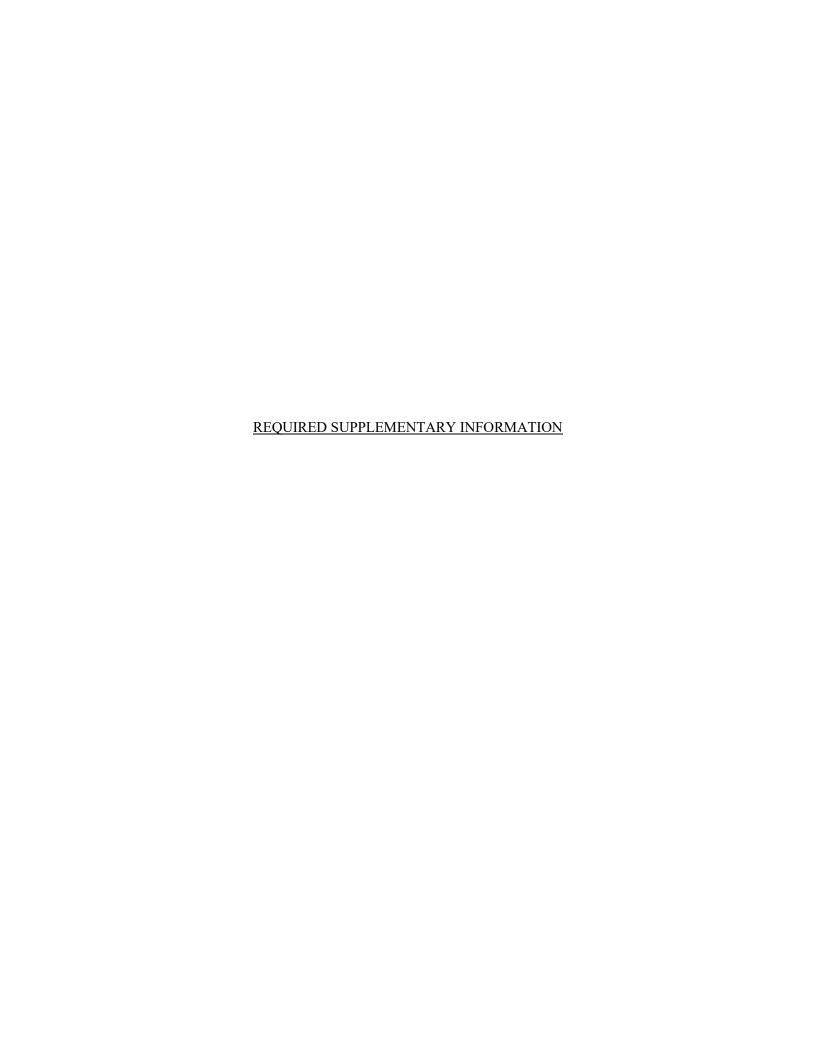
### NOTE 8: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The County has estimated that the fair value of all financial instruments (none of which is held for trading purposes) at September 30, 2020, does not differ materially from their aggregate carrying values recorded in the accompanying statement of financial position. The estimate is based on the assumption that fair value approximates carrying values due to short initial maturities. Financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivables, prepaid expenses, accounts payable, and payroll liabilities.

## NOTE 9: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies. The County participates in numerous grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the County has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds and any money received may be required and collectability of any related receivable at September 30, 2020 may be impaired. In the opinion of the County, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants, therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

*Litigation*. The County Attorney has indicated that there are various lawsuits filed and pending against the County, but in the County's opinion, none will result in a material effect on the County's financial position.



## **NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS**

## GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Bu Original	dget Amended	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES:	Original	Amended	Actual	(Omavorable)
	\$ 8,030,714	\$ 8,030,714	\$ 8,013,631	\$ (17,083)
Other taxes	102,000	102,000	363,734	261,734
Licenses and permits	54,000	54,000	55,400	1,400
Intergovernmental	262,900	269,955	237,859	(32,096)
Fines and fees	768,300	768,300	732,213	(36,087)
Investment earnings	150,000	150,000	103,113	(46,887)
Rent and royalties	14,420	14,420	52,350	37,930
Other revenue	479,643	479,643	465,590	(14,053)
Total Revenues	9,861,977	9,869,032	10,023,890	154,858
EXPENDITURES: Current:				
General government	1,937,554	1,876,472	1,951,241	(74,769)
Judicial	1,409,120	1,445,970	1,377,622	68,348
Legal	460,813	454,413	425,699	28,714
Financial administration	623,233	617,683	591,380	26,303
Public facilities	739,999	777,337	762,017	15,320
Public safety	3,672,434	3,813,634	3,633,863	179,771
Health and welfare	703,000	843,949	841,886	2,063
Extension service	174,362	171,762	165,759	6,003
Capital outlay	255,000	229,451	208,513	20,938
Intergovernmental	212,813	212,813	201,827	10,986
Total Expenditures	10,188,328	10,443,484	10,159,807	283,677
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(326,351)	(574,452)	(135,917)	438,535
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in (out) Proceeds from sale of property	(36,500)	(36,500)	(10,000)	26,500
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(36,500)	(36,500)	(10,000)	26,500
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(362,851)	(610,952)	(145,917)	465,035
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,325,504	12,325,504	12,325,504	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ <u>11,962,653</u>	\$ <u>11,714,552</u>	\$ <u>12,179,587</u>	\$ <u>465,035</u>

# NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS FARM TO MARKET FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	_	Ві	et	-			Variance Favorable	
	_	Original		Amended		Actual		Infavorable)
REVENUES:								
Property taxes	\$	1,853,174	\$	1,853,174	\$	1,849,507	\$	(3,667)
Licenses and permits		350,000		350,000		350,900		900
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		60,000		140,505		193,030		52,525
Fines and fees		130,000		130,000		124,363		(5,637)
Investment earnings		7,500		7,500		21,416		13,916
Other revenue		1,000		6,227		13,670		7,443
Proceeds from sale of assets		,		,		,		,
Total Revenues	_	2,401,674	_	2,487,406	_	2,552,886		65,480
EXPENDITURES:								
Current								
Farm to market		2,161,605		2,216,639		2,091,269		125,370
Capital outlay		350,000		564,263		480,565		83,698
Total Expenditures	_	2,511,605		2,780,902		2,571,834	_	209,068
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(109,931)		(293,496)	1	(18,948)		274,548
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	2,603,742		2,603,742		2,603,742	_	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$_	2,493,811	\$_	2,310,246	\$_	2,584,794	\$_	274,548

# NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR FISCAL YEAR 2020

Year Ending December 31,	Deter	Actuarially Actual Determined Employer Contribution Contribution			Defic	ibution ciency cess)	(	nsionable Covered ayroll (1)	Actu Contribu a Percen Covered	tion as tage of
2010	\$	352,185	\$	352,185	\$	-	\$	3,687,800		9.6%
2011		357,874		357,874		-		3,827,515		9.4%
2012		367,182		367,182		-		3,765,970		9.7%
2013		396,873		396,873		-		3,883,264		10.2%
2014		440,451		440,451		-		4,059,437		10.9%
2015		481,086		481,147		(61)		4,401,516		10.9%
2016		515,270		515,270		-		4,663,081		11.0%
2017		477,157		477,157		-		4,715,021		10.1%
2018		514,986		514,986		-		5,053,839		10.2%
2019		564,394		564,394		-		5,463,637		10.3%

## **NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS** NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

## Net Pension Liability - Texas County & District Retirement System

Assumptions

The following methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated as of December 31,

two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are

reported.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

**Amortization method** Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 10.8 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2019 valuation)

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

2.75% Inflation

Salary increases Varies by age and service. 4.9%, average over career, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement age assumed to commence

receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service

retirement for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110%

of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected

with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

Changes in Assumptions and

Methods Reflected in the Schedule of

Employer Contributions \*

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of **Employer Contributions** 

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2017: New Annity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017. 2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule

<sup>\*</sup> Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes

## NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF NET CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

## TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIRMENT SYSTEM YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

		2019	2018	_	2017
Total Pension Liability				-	
Service cost	\$	610,614	\$ 559,794	\$	607,981
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		1,705,461	1,630,768		1,552,529
Effect of plan changes		-	-		-
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		-	-		135,863
Effect of economic/demographic (gains)losses		14,534	(78,355)		(137,976)
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
employee contributions		(1,314,181)	(1,170,408)	_	(1,119,160)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		1,016,428	941,799		1,039,237
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		21,088,755	20,146,956		19,107,719
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$_	22,105,183	\$ 21,088,755	\$_	20,146,956
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - Employer	\$	564,394	\$ 514,986	\$	477,157
Contributions - Employee		382,455	353,769		330,051
Net Investment Income		2,980,714	(354,092)		2,435,409
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
employee contributions		(1,314,181)	(1,170,408)		(1,119,160)
Administrative Expense		(15,802)	(14,577)		(12,520)
Other		(9,688)	(7,096)		(4,297)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		2,587,892	(677,418)		2,106,640
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		18,148,472	18,825,890		16,719,250
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$_	20,736,364	18,148,472	\$_	18,825,890
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$_	1,368,819	\$ 2,940,283	\$_	1,321,066
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of					
Total Pension Liability		93.81%	86.06%		93.44%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	5,463,637	5,053,839	\$	4,715,021
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		25.05%	58.18%		28.02%

2016	2015	2014
591,084 \$	501,502 \$	481,148
1,447,414	1,379,775	1,299,143
, , <u>-</u>	(75,868)	-
9,215	221,937	-
(36,740)	(147,149)	87,402
(982,435)	(1,015,794)	(894,249)
1,028,538	864,403	973,444
18,079,181	17,214,778	16,241,334
19,107,719 \$	18,079,181 \$	17,214,778
19,107,719	10,079,101	17,214,776
515,270 \$	481,147 \$	440,451
326,416	308,106	284,161
1,166,505	119,480	1,034,882
(1,019,175)	(1,015,794)	(894,249)
(12,687)	(11,365)	(11,850)
(34,395)	79,880	13,866
941,934	(38,546)	867,261
15,777,316	15,815,862	14,948,601
16,719,250 \$	15,777,316 \$	15,815,862
	_	_
2,388,469 \$	2,301,865 \$	1,398,916
87.50%	87.27%	91.87%
4,663,081 \$	4,401,516 \$	4,059,437
51.22%	52.30%	34.46%



# NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

ASSETS	_	Jury Fund	Law Library Fund	_	Hot Check Fund	.A.R.E Fund
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Restricted assets Cash and equivalents	\$	30,822 \$	1,856 40	\$	13,013	\$ 79
Total Assets	\$_	30,822 \$	1,896	\$_	13,013	\$ 79
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$	\$	988	\$		\$
Total Liabilities	_		988	_		 
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted fund balances Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balances	_	30,822	908	_	13,013	79
Total Fund Balance	_	30,822	908	_	13,013	79
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	30,822 \$	1,896	\$_	13,013	\$ 79

	County Records anagement	County Clerk Records <u>Management</u>		Records		Courthouse Security Fund		County Technology Fund	 District Attorney Forfeiture Fund
\$	10	\$ 41	\$	50	\$	117	\$	87	\$
<u> </u>	24,015	97,104	_	31,654	_	76,731	_	96,173	 62,861
\$	24,025	\$ 97,145	\$	31,704	\$	76,848	\$	96,260	\$ 62,861
\$		\$ 64	\$		\$	1,044	\$		\$
		64	-		-	1,044	-		
	24,025	97,081		31,704		75,804		96,260	62,861
	24,025	97,081	-	31,704		75,804	-	96,260	 62,861
\$_	24,025	\$ 97,145	\$	31,704	\$	76,848	\$	96,260	\$ 62,861

# NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

ASSETS	F <u>c</u>	District Attorney Federal orfeiture Fund	d _	Sheriff Forfeiture Fund	_ ]	Sheriff Federal Forfeiture Fund	HAVA Cares Act Fund
Cash and cash investments Accounts receivable Restricted assets Cash and equivalents	\$	232	\$	15,040	\$	\$ 20	8,555
Total Assets	\$_		\$_		\$		
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$_		\$_		\$	\$	9,504
Total Liabilities	_		_		-		9,504
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted fund balances Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balances		232		15,040		20	(949)
Total Fund Balance	_	232	-	15,040		20	(949)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	232	\$_	15,040	\$	20 \$	8,555

	Coronavirus Relief Fund	Election Security Grant	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$	\$	3	\$ 45,770 345
	21,760	99,474	533,619
\$	21,760	99,474	\$ 579,734
\$	245 \$	,	\$ 7,529
	21,515	94,257	125,276
	21,760	99,445	132,805
		29	403,056
			44,822 (949)
- ,		29	446,929
\$	21,760	99,474	\$ 579,734

## **NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS**

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		Jury Fund	Law Library Fund		Hot Check Fund		D.A.R.E Fund
REVENUES:				_		_	
Intergovernmental	\$	\$	5	\$		\$	
Fines and Fees		1,432	5,240		9,670		
Investment earnings		178					
Other revenue		6,934					
Total Revenues		8,544	5,240		9,670	_	
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government							
Judicial		10,200	11,693				
Legal		.,	,		9,232		
Public facilities					Í		
Public safety							
Health and welfare							
Capital outlay							
-				-		_	
Total Expenditures		10,200	11,693		9,232		
•				_	<u> </u>	_	
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,656)	(6,453)		438		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in (out)		10,000					
Proceeds from sale of assets						_	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		10,000		_		_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		8,344	(6,453)		438		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		22,478	7,361	_	12,575	_	79
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$_	30,822 \$	908	\$_	13,013	\$_	79

. !	County Records Management	County Clerk Records Management	District Clerk Records Management	Courthouse Security Fund	County Technology Fund	District Attorney Forfeiture Fund
\$	4,780	\$ 52,304 1,942	\$ 5,870	16,269	\$ 10,955	\$ 1,052
	4,780	54,246	5,870	16,269	10,955	1,052
	495	221,348	4,420	8,519	1,658	84,207
	495	221,348	4,420	8,519	1,658	84,207
	4,285	(167,102)	1,450	7,750	9,297	(83,155)
						(15,000)
	4,285	(167,102)	1,450	7,750	9,297	(98,155)
	19,740	264,183	30,254	68,054	86,963	161,016
\$	24,025	\$ 97,081	\$31,704 \$	5 75,804	\$ 96,260	\$ 62,861

## **NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS**

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Fo	District Attorney Federal rfeiture Fund	Sheriff Forfeiture Fund	Sheriff Federal Forfeiture Fun	nd	HAVA Cares A Fund	ct
REVENUES:				_	_		
Intergovernmental	\$	\$		\$	\$	3,84	40
Fines and Fees			72				
Investment earnings		1	73				11
Other miscellaneous	_				-		
Total Revenues	_	1	73		-	3,85	51
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government						4,80	00
Judicial							
Legal							
Public facilities							
Public safety			16,451				
Health and welfare							
Capital outlay	_				-		
Total Expenditures	_		16,451		-	4,80	00_
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		1	(16,378)			(94	49)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	5):						
Transfers in	,		15,000				
Proceeds from sale of assets			10,406				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses	s)_		25,406		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1	9,028			(94	49)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	_	231	6,012	20	-		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$_	232 \$	15,040	\$	\$	(94	<u>49)</u>

	Coronavirus Relief Fund		Election Security Grant		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$	8,317	\$	25,743	\$	37,900
					106,520
			29		3,286
				_	6,934
	8,317		25,772		154,640
•		•		•	
			25,743		256,806
					21,893
					93,439
					10,177
					16,451
	8,317				8,317
	8,317		25,743		407,083
			29		(252,443)
					10,000
					10,406
					20,406
-		•	29		(232,037)
					678,966
\$		\$	29	\$	446,929

## NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ALL AGENCY FUNDS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

UNCLAIMED MONEY	_	Balance October 1, 2019		Additions	 Deductions		Balance September 30, 2020
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	97	\$_		\$	\$	97
Total Assets	\$	97	\$_		\$	\$	97
Liabilities:							
Due to others	\$	97	\$_		\$	\$	97
Total Liabilities	\$ _	97	\$_		\$	\$.	97
TRUST & AGENCY							
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	121,139	\$	356,368	\$ 382,966	\$	94,541
Total Assets	\$	121,139	\$	356,368	\$ 382,966	\$	94,541
Liabilities:	-						
Due to others	\$	121,139	\$	356,368	\$ 382,966	\$	94,541
Total Liabilities	\$	121,139	\$	356,368	\$ 382,966	\$	94,541
RESTITUTION FUND Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	364,972	\$_	199,152	\$ 38,384	\$	525,740
Total Assets	\$	364,972	\$_	199,152	\$ 38,384	\$	525,740
Liabilities:							
Due to others	\$	364,972	\$_	199,152	\$ 38,384	\$	525,740
Total Liabilities	\$_	364,972	\$_	199,152	\$ 38,384	\$	525,740
EXTRADITION FUND							
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,807	\$_	3,525	\$	\$	24,332
Total Assets	\$	20,807	\$_	3,525	\$	\$	24,332
Liabilities:							
Due to others	\$_	20,807	\$_	3,525	\$	\$	24,332
Total Liabilities	\$_	20,807	\$_	3,525	\$	\$	24,332
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FUNDS							
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,405	\$_	192,825	\$ 8,026	\$	203,204
Total Assets	\$	18,405	\$_	192,825	\$ 8,026	\$	203,204
Due to others	\$	18,405	\$	192,825	\$ 8,026	\$	203,204
Total Liabilities	\$	18,405	\$	192,825	\$ 8,026	\$	203,204

## NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ALL AGENCY FUNDS (CONTINUED) **SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

		Balance						Balance
		October 1,					Se	eptember 30,
SHERIFF FUNDS		2019		Additions		Deductions		2020
Assets:	_		_		-		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	45,533	\$	383,575	\$	353,244	\$	75,864
Total Assets	\$	45,533	\$	383,575	\$	353,244	\$	75,864
Liabilities:	_				-			
Due to others	\$	45,533	\$	383,575	\$	353,244	\$	75,864
Total Liabilities	\$	45,533	\$_	383,575	\$	353,244	\$	75,864
TAX ASSESSOR COLLECTOR FUNDS								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	12	\$_	3,348,143	\$	3,348,114	\$_	41
Total Assets	\$	12	\$_	3,348,143	\$	3,348,114	\$	41
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$_	12	\$_	3,348,143	\$	3,348,114	\$_	41
Total Liabilities	\$_	12	\$_	3,348,143	\$	3,348,114	\$_	41
COUNTY COURT FUNDS								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	119,381	\$_	75,655	\$	62,441	\$_	132,595
Total Assets	\$_	119,381	\$_	75,655	\$	62,441	\$_	132,595
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$_	119,381	\$_	75,655	\$	62,441	\$_	132,595
Total Liabilities	\$_	119,381	\$_	75,655	\$	62,441	\$_	132,595
DISTRICT CLERK FUNDS								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	286,382	\$_	22,025	\$	34,501	\$_	273,906
Total Assets	\$_	286,382	\$_	22,025	\$	34,501	\$_	273,906
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$_	286,382	\$_	22,025	\$	34,501	\$_	273,906
Total Liabilities	\$_	286,382	\$_	22,025	\$	34,501	\$_	273,906
TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	976,728	\$	4,581,268	\$	4,227,676	\$	1,330,320
Total Assets	\$	976,728	\$	4,581,268	\$	4,227,676	\$	1,330,320
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$	976,728	\$	4,581,268	\$	4,227,676	\$	1,330,320
Total Liabilities	\$	976,728	\$	4,581,268	\$	4,227,676	\$_	1,330,320